## Tables

1.1 Conceptualisation and measurement – poverty, deprivation and social exclusion 7
1.2 Risk group definitions 10
1.3 Proportions below the poverty line in 12 EU countries in 1993, ECHP, wave 1 15
1.4 Countries included in the ECHP survey by year of inception 18
1.5 Sample sizes: ECHP, wave 2, 1994 19
1.6 Socio-demographic information in the ECHP household and individual questionnaires 20
1.7 Examples of domains and sub-domains of disadvantage in the ECHP household and individual questionnaires 21
2.1 Aggregate poverty and populations' shares of four risk groups in five EU member states 31
2.2 Poverty comparisons of risk groups 33
2.3 Marginal effects and statistical significance of risk variables in multinomial logit analysis 35
2.4 Aggregate non-monetary deprivation indicators in five EU member states 38
2.5 Comparisons of ‘risk groups’ in terms of material non-monetary deprivation indicators (national average: 100) 41
2.6 Comparisons of ‘risk groups’ in terms of aggregate material non-monetary deprivation indicators (bottom 20 per cent of the distribution) 43
2.7 Comparisons of ‘risk groups’ in terms of aggregate material non-monetary deprivation indicators (threshold: 60 per cent of the median) 45
2.8 Proportional decline in the aggregate poverty rate due to social transfers in five EU member states 47
2.9 Proportional decline in the poverty rates of members of households with individuals belonging to a ‘risk group’ due to social transfers 48
3.1 Young adults in the population 54
3.2 Participation in education and training by age and gender 57
3.3 Highest educational level achieved 57
3.4 Employment and unemployment 60
3.5 Type of employment activity: young people aged 16–29 years
3.6 Experience of unemployment and long-term unemployment
3.7 Income poverty among young people
3.8 Factors that prevent or increase poverty among young people
3.9 The role of transfers in preventing poverty among households with young people
3.10 Young people and material deprivation
3.11 Material deprivation and income poverty among young people
3.12 Young people and social relationships
3.13 Social relations and income poverty: young people
4.1 Household type: all households
4.2 Household type: households with children
4.3 Age and marital status: lone mothers with at least one dependent child
4.4a Lone and married mothers with at least one dependent child: main activity
4.4b Lone and married mothers with non-dependent children only: main activity
4.5 Parental leave and childcare provision – mid 1990s
4.6 Poverty rates by household type: individuals under state retirement age
4.7 Household items cannot afford: lone mothers and couples
4.8a Deprivation measures: individuals under state retirement age in households with at least one dependent child
4.8b Deprivation measures: individuals under state retirement age in households with non-dependent children
4.9 Social relations: lone and married mothers with at least one dependent child
5.1 Incidence of sickness or disability by age and sex: adults below state retirement age
5.2 Household type: adults with a sickness or disability
5.3 Marital status: adults with a sickness or disability
5.4 Education: adults with a sickness or disability
5.5 Main activity: adults with a sickness or disability
5.6 Income poverty: adults with a sickness or disability
5.7 Poverty by socio-economic characteristics: adults with a sickness or disability
5.8 Poverty by socio-economic characteristics (not main activity): adults with a sickness or disability
5.9 Effectiveness of household social and private transfers in preventing poverty: adults with a sickness or disability
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.10</td>
<td>Material deprivation and income poverty: adults with a sickness or disability</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.11</td>
<td>Social relations by income poverty: adults with a sickness or disability</td>
<td>121</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>Retired and young people in the population</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.2</td>
<td>Age and sex of retired adults</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.3</td>
<td>Marital status and sex of retired adults</td>
<td>125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>Incidence of retirement among adults over 45 years</td>
<td>129</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.5</td>
<td>Main source of personal income for retired adults</td>
<td>132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.6</td>
<td>Income poverty among retired and all adults</td>
<td>134</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>The role of transfers in preventing poverty among retired people</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.8</td>
<td>Factors that prevent or increase poverty among retired people</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.9</td>
<td>Retired people and material deprivation</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.10</td>
<td>Material deprivation and income poverty among retired people</td>
<td>140</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.11</td>
<td>Retired people and social relationships</td>
<td>142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.12</td>
<td>Social relations and income poverty</td>
<td>143</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>