

Tables

3.1	Per cent unemployed individuals with zero market or welfare state revenue, and dependence on familial support	60
3.2	Per cent non-standard working-age families and their economic situation (mid 1990s)	60
3.3	Poverty rates in child families after taxes and transfers (mid 1990s)	61
3.4	Trends in relative disposable income by household type (Percentage point change, late 1970s–mid 1990s)	62
3.5	Trends in after-tax/transfer child poverty rates and in the ratio of child-aged poverty incidence, 1980ca.–early 1990s	62
3.6	The servicing and age bias of welfare states, 1992	63
3.7	Level of relative disposable income of persons aged 65+, 1990s (per cent of median)	64
3.8	Total public pension expenditures (per cent GDP) in 2050 according to two scenarios: a baseline scenario of no change, and a scenario assuming average retirement at age 70	69
3.9	Early retirement incentives and employment among older males: gains from postponing retirement from age fifty-five to sixty-four, and simulated employment effect with actuarial neutrality (1995 data)	70
4.1	Employment and total job openings 1996–2006 by education and training category, United States	103
4.2	Potential bottleneck occupations in Sweden up to 2010	105
4.3	Selected occupational projections for the EU, 1996–2005	106
4.4	Qualitative aspects of occupational change	108
4.5	Characteristics of high-performance organisations	113
4.6	A compact for change	114
4.7	Expected years of unemployment over a working lifetime by level of educational attainment for men aged 25–64 (1995)	123
4.8	National studies on the extent of over-education	125
4.9	Education and training in relation to current job, EU 1995	126
5.1	A comparison of the degree of coordination among the triad	154
5.2	What growth regime for the early twenty-first century?	156
5.3	Net job creations take place in quite diverse sectors, not only in those that are high tech, OECD, 1980–95	158

5.4	Alternative emerging growth regimes and the redesign of institutional forms	164
5.5	Three social systems of innovation are coexisting within the EU	166
5.6	Toward a knowledge-based economy: the need for new policies in order to cope with the related externalities	168
5.7	At what level should each economic institution and economic policy component operate?	173
5.8	The new style for economic policy: a condition for optimising the European policy mix	176
5.9	What reform of industrial relations in order to cope with European monetary policy?	180
5.10	The institutional setting for strategy one	190
5.11	The institutional setting for strategy two	192
5.12	The institutional setting for strategy three	195
5.13	The institutional setting for strategy four	197
6.1	Different definitions of benchmarking cited in Cox, Mann and Samson, 1997: 287	206
6.2	The rankings of national systems by private organisations and their political impact	215