Index

absolutism, monarchical 51  
academic discipline, social policy as an 92  
action projects, EU anti-poverty programmes 343, 344  
administrative capacity, of state 52  
administrative understanding, poverty research, preoccupation with 280  
adult-worker family model 194–5  
aegis, issue of 311–12, 314  
affluence, and crime 283  
Africa  
dysfunctional aspects of social life 53  
pessimism of social scientists 282  
presures of globalization 57  
regulatory weakness of state 54  
residual social policies 56  
see also Sub-Saharan Africa  
ageing  
demographic, and housing 364–6  
perceptions of successful 143–4  
agency, social change 31  
agenda-setting, impact of Internet 392–3  
aid, Bangladesh and South Asia 252–3  
Amsterdam Treaty 353  
Anglo-American social science tradition 262  
anti-discrimination/equal policy measures, cross-national policy analysis 212  
anti-globalization protests 393  
anti-poverty programmes (EU) 342–8  
appropriateness, research methods 293  
Asia  
dysfunctional aspects of social life 53  
see also East Asia; South Asia  
assets, social exclusion indicators 348–9  
assimilationism 211, 212, 213  
athoretical case studies 309–10  
Australia, SPM 68, 70–73, 82, 83–4, 85  
autonomy and care  
failure of practical relevance 135  
as guiding moral ideal 132–3  
see also bodily autonomy; economic autonomy; moral autonomy  
Bangladesh, aid and informal security 252–3  
basic security model, welfare 158, 159, 161  
income inequality among elderly 169  
and poverty 165, 166  
strategies of equality 161, 162, 163  
biannual bonuses, Japanese wage system 76  
biographical approach, intensive interviewing 315  
bodily autonomy 208  
boundaries, comparative social policy 3, 91–4  
Bretton Woods System 33  
bubble economy, Japan 75  
budget size, income redistribution 164  
burying rights, self-consciousness of moral requirement 137  
Canada, redistribution 168  
capitalism  
cross-national policy analysis 206–7  
as driving force of welfare states 119–20  
see also liberal capitalism; organized capitalism; welfare capitalism  
care, see long-term care  
care-giving  
as an instrumental good 134, 135  
as a moral good 139–43  
case study approach 204, 266, 308–10  
causal relationships, time dimension 334–5  
Central America, neo-patrimonial regimes 55–6  
Central and Eastern Europe  
exclusion from club of welfare states 126

405
inclusion in research projects 269, 270
social policy, influence of IFIs 83
welfare systems, Westernization of 85
Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS) 263
cerebral style research 262
China
informational age impacts 394
long-term care, see Confucian perspective of care
welfare systems
exclusion from club of welfare states 117
transitional 118
choice, long-term care policy 132, 138
Cisco Systems 389
cities, mature urbanization 360
citizen activism, Internet 393, 395
citizenship
and civil society 102–4
EU model of 42
and gender 34, 185–9
gender-sensitive analysis of 191–4
global 60
growth and expansion of 34
residual welfare as alternative to 55
rights
challenge to class structure 52–3
conflict with property rights 120
extension of 107
and welfare states 181–2
understanding nature of poverty 280–81
welfare state regimes 182–5
see also civil citizenship; political citizenship; political participation; social citizenship
civic nations 12
civic republican tradition 186
civil citizenship 182
civil rights 181
civil service status, French researchers 263
civil society
challenge to comparative social science 112–13
and citizenship 102–4
emergence of 52
global 60–61
class
and citizenship 52–3
cross-national policy analysis 206–7
clientelistic welfare systems 55
close-up comparisons 270
closed economies 75–6
coalition formation, social insurance institutions 154, 162, 163
coder reliability, statistics 330–31
coercion, informal security regimes 245
cognitive models, of nation-state 54
collaborative research 310–11
collective assets, social exclusion research 349
colonialism
poverty 225
shaping of welfare states 211, 212–13
Sub-Saharan Africa 253
communities, competing definitions 104
community action, challenge to evolutionary assumption 112
community development approach 226, 227, 230, 232
companyism, Japanese 76
comparative social policy 91–100
boundaries 3, 91–4
challenges of 273
contributions and deficiencies 218–24
disciplinary traditions 264–6
equivalence of meaning 292–5
gains of 285–8
growth of 1, 96–9
homelessness, see homelessness
housing, see housing
indirect effects 289
interdisciplinarity 289
language barriers 266–9
linkages between research and policy 270–73
mainstream scholarship 217–18
methodology 94–6, 276–7, 278–9
obstacles to 278–85
qualitative, see qualitative methods
quantitative, see quantitative method
reassessment of state in 2
research cultures 261–4
selecting countries for 269–70
social development approach 231–5
social exclusion, see social exclusion states and society 103–13
comparison of 105–8
criticisms, as unit of comparison 108–11
re-conceptualizing 111–13
welfare states, see welfare states
composite indices 331–2
concepts, equivalence of meaning 292–5
conceptual stretching 310
conflicts of interest, comparative research 283
Confucian perspective of care dependency and care-giving 139–43
human dignity
and moral autonomy 136–9
as moral framework for 147–8
human need and social provision 143–7
Confucian welfare states, support for 117
connectedness, of networks 389
conservative welfare state regimes 124, 183, 184, 242
conservative-informal welfare regimes 250
consistency, of networks 389
consociational governments 12
consumer subsidies
capitalist countries 83
state socialism 78, 79, 82
context, in research 310
contextual poverty 281
contextualization, grey literature 314
Copenhagen Declaration 229
corporations, cross-shareholding, Japan 76
corporatist regimes, social policies in 55
cosmopolitanism 60–61
countervailing force, social policy as 247
country-specific knowledge, through comparative studies 287–8
courts, role, substandard medical advice 398
crime
changing nature of 373–4
defending societies against 374
global village 373
globalization
crime control 377, 379–80
linking 376–8
terminology 375–6
practitioner and criminologist discourses 374
crime control 377, 379–80
criminal law, inability to globalize 381
criminology, see globalizing criminology
critical IPE, world order 26, 30–32
critical structural analysis 203–4
critical structured diversity 201–14
cross-country comparisons, homelessness 298
cross-national social policy analysis 201–14
class 206–7
diversity 204–5
gender 207–10
race 210–13
societal approach 265–6
structure 202–4
structured diversity 205–6, 214
cross-sectional comparisons 95
cross-sectoral research designs 309
cross-tabulations 326
A Cross-Polity Survey 330
cryptography, government use of 380
cultural backgrounds, researchers 261–4, 268
cultural impact, formulation of research questions 278
cultural nations 12
culturalist approach, comparative research 265
customs frontiers, elimination of 376–7
cyberspace, governance of 18
data collection, political and institutional influence on 272
data processing 319
databanks, poverty research 278–9, 284–5
de-commodification 119, 123, 183
and access to the labour market 191–2
comparison of welfare states 107
informal security model 247
for self-development 243
de-statization 15–16
defamilization perspective 209–10
demarcation, of states 12–13, 15–16
democracy
as driving force of welfare states 119–20
electoral 59
global 60–61
in information age 400–402
sovereignty 52
demographic ageing, and housing 364–6
denationalization, of statehood 15
dependency
Confucian perspective of 139–43
in long-term care 135
deregulation
Australia 72
Japan 78
developing countries
economic development and exploitation of women 35–6
economic difficulties and social provision 228
globalization, impact on women 40, 41
perception of under-development 37
policy analysis, international structuralist theory 222
rural–urban migration 360
social inequality statistics 325
welfare state regimes 239–56
development, see economic development; social development; under-development
DG Employment, social exclusion research 352
diachronic comparisons 95
digital divides 400, 401
diversity, in cross-national analyses 204–5
division of labour
and citizenship 185
informal security regimes 245
documentary research 313–14, 320
documentation, in research 262
domestic defence strategy, Japan 82
domestic economy, Japan 75–6
donors, vested interests, poverty research 285
e-democracy 401
e-governance 390–92
earnings-related benefits 153, 154–5, 161, 162, 163, 168, 171

East Asia
e-governance 391
informational age impacts 394
welfare state regime 250–52
see also China; Hong Kong; Japan; Taiwan
East Asian welfare systems
comparative analysis
exclusion from 117
use of Western taxonomies 221–2
increased interest in 116
East–West comparisons, research 262–3, 272
Eastern Europe, see Central and Eastern Europe
economic, expanded definition of 16–17, 19
economic autonomy 208
economic development
exploitation of women 35–6
Global South commitment to 226
investment in human capital 234
economic growth
Australia 71
KWNS 14
social development 230–31
economic integration, state socialist countries 79–80
economic liberalization, Australia 72, 73
economic policies
global ethical framework 61–2
see also neoliberal economic policies
economic protectionism, Australia 70, 71, 73
economic status, gender analysis 210
economic transition, impact on women 39
economic uncertainty, residential property markets 361–4
economies
Japanese 75–8, 82
under state socialism 79
see also informal economy; market economy; shadow economy
educational policies, comparative social science 112
egalitarian principle, of welfare 153, 162
elderly
dignity as important goal of care 131–2
family support, Hong Kong 139–40
state role, provision of care 145
welfare state institutions and income
inequality 168–70
see also ageing; pensions
Electoral Behaviour 326
eligibility criteria, welfare 157–61, 192
empiricism 95
employment
importance of state to women’s 191–2
opportunities, for women 38, 39
state socialism 79
see also unemployment
encompassing model, welfare 158, 159,
161
income inequality
among elderly 168
and poverty 165, 166, 168
strategies of equality 162, 163, 164
English, international research 266–7,
312–13
Enlightenment 52
enterprise, under state socialism 79
entitlements to benefits, eligibility 157,
158
epistemological problems, poverty
research 279–81
equivalence of meaning, in research
292–5
equivalence scales, smoothing out
cultural differences 278
ethical issues
human dignity 147–8
poverty research 282
see also global ethical framework
ethnic identity 12
ethnic minorities, cross-national policy
analysis 210–13
ethnocentric bias, Western conception of
welfare states 116–17, 118–22
Europe
estimate of homeless persons 298
see also Central and Eastern Europe;
European Union; Northern
Europe
European Community Household Panel
(ECCHP) 344, 345
European Coordination Centre for
Research and Documentation in
Social Sciences 262
European Federation of National
Organisations Working with the
Homeless (FEANTSA) 298
European Research Area 261, 267, 269,
271, 273
European Union
anti-poverty programmes 342–8
commonly agreed indicators 346–8
conceptualization of poverty 344
measuring poverty 344–5
theoretical and policy purposes
345–6
employment opportunities for women
39
homelessness 297–8
institutional role, social exclusion
research 352
interscalar management 18
multi-level governance 21–2
police forces, non-democratically
accountable 381–2
Social Charter 42
SWPR 23–4
evaluative research 317–19
exchange relationships, parent–child
relationships as 141
exclusion, see social exclusion
exclusionary regimes, cross-national
policy analysis 212
extra-economic, redefining of bounda-
ries 16–17, 19
extraterritorial spaces, governing of 18
familial ideology, cross-national social
policy 209
family
as safety net 365
welfare state regimes 184, 193
family relationships, importance of
137–8
family support
for elderly, Hong Kong 139–40, 145
feedback mode 141–2
Japan 74
favour(s) 140
feedback mode, family support 141–2
feminist analyses
social policy 35, 213–14
welfare states 189–90
feminist IPE, world order 26, 32–3
feminist movement  
transnational 29–30  
and welfare provision 43  
filial piety 142  
filial respect 138  
financial poverty lines 343, 347  
Finland, social insurance 168  
fiscal pressures, state provision of care  
56  
fit for purpose 313, 320  
flat rate benefits 160, 161, 162, 163  
Fordism 13, 14, 38, 364  
foreign trade, under state socialism 79  
formal equivalence 293  
*Foundations of the Metaphysics of Morals* 132  
Fourth World 295, 370  
France  
legitimacy, statistical institutions 272  
researchers  
civil service status 263  
independence and critical stance of 271  
Franco-British cooperation, in research 263  
free associations 52  
*Freedom in the World* 331  
full employment  
Australia 81  
Japan 73, 74, 77, 81–2  
KWNS 14  
organized capitalism 33  
state socialism 78, 79, 81  
functional analysis 309  
functional approach, theorizing welfare states 123  
functional equivalence 293  
Gallic style research 262  
GDP per capita  
Australia 71  
home ownership 359  
gender 26–44  
and citizenship 34, 185–9  
globalization 27–8, 37–41  
multi-layered governance, citizenship and welfare 41–4  
organized capitalism 27, 33–7  
post-war social settlement 27  
world order 26–7, 30–33  

*see also* women  
gender analysis  
of citizenship and welfare state regimes 191–4, 195, 196–7  
cross-national social policy 207–10  
gender differentiation 192–3  
gender inequality 193  
gender politics, and governance 43–4  
general knowledge, through research 285–7  
general theories, comparative research 264–5  
geographical diversity, national averages 325  
German legalism, statistics 272  
Germany, transitional social policy 62–3  
global context, criticisms of state-centred analyses 109  
global ethical framework, socio-economic integration within 61–2  
‘global public goods’ 61  
global social policy, human insecurity 59–63  
Global South  
alternative discourses, comparative inquiry 220–21  
human insecurity  
global social policy solutions 59–63  
globalization and state 56–9  
neoliberalism 40–41  
social welfare and development 40, 224–31  
state formation and social policy 53–6  
globalization  
consumer subsidies 83  
and crime, *see* crime  
critical IPE 30–31  
feminist IPE 32–3  
gender 37–41  
human security, crisis of 63–4  
impact on NGOs policy making process 44  
migrant workers 106  
nation-states  
differing responses to 13  
erosion of functions of 2–3  
new questions, poverty research 287  
and social policy  
interest in relationship between 2
need for sustained attention to 28–9
SPM 68, 85
Australia 71–2
post-socialist countries 81
and the state
human insecurity 56–9
role as provider of security 41–3
transnational feminist movement
29–30
UN agencies, work of 29
unregulated
opposition to 43
problems of 42
welfare regime development 255–6
and welfare state, interest in relationship between 2
globalizing criminology 380–85
criminal law 381
global penal gaze 382–3
implications for state crime control 383–5
police forces, non-democratically accountable 381–2
GNP, as fallacious indicator 328–9
governance
compensation of market failures 24
and gender politics 43–4
shift from government to 15–16, 19
see also e-governance; multi-level governance; states
‘governance without government’ 11
governance-centred approaches 20–21
grey literature 314
guarantee of basic minimum income, inclusion into club of welfare states 124–5
guaranteed full employment 78, 79
health care, community development approach 227
healthcare policy, information age 396–400
historical structures, welfare states 211
‘hollowing out’, of states 11, 15
home ownership 356, 359, 361, 364, 366, 369
homelessness
causes 300–303
conceptualizing and quantifying 295–9
construction of, UK 299–304
social exclusion 358
Hong Kong
human need, cultural interpretation 144–5
ill health 143
long-term care
dignity of elderly 131, 138
dwindling network of community care 146
eligibility for 132
family support of the elderly 139–40
role of state 145
personal characteristics and ageing 143–4
state welfare
exclusion from club of welfare states 117, 124
lack of explanatory theories 222
residualism 121
use of Western taxonomies 221
household conditions, social exclusion research 348–9
household trajectories, social exclusion research 351
housing 355–71
commodification and social disadvantage 366–70
international comparative research 358–61
nature of 355
policy debate 356–8
social change and economic uncertainty 361–4
Housing (Homeless Persons) Act (1977) 300
housing risks 364
housing standards 360
human capital, economic development 234
human dignity
and care of elderly 131–2
Confucian account 136–9
as moral framework for care 147–8
human factor, social development projects 228
human insecurity
global social policy solutions in South 59–63
Index

globalization and state 56–9
human need, Confucian account of 143–7
human security
Nobel Laureates’ statement 50
state as provider of 41–2
UN definition 50
humans, distinguished from animals 136
hybrid multinational states 12

identity, see national identity
ideology, globalizing criminology 385
illegal immigration, and crime 377–8
illegal trade 376
imagined communities 18, 20, 52
immigration
control, Australia 70, 73
see also illegal immigration; migrant workers
immigration/citizenship policy, cross-national policy analysis 212
implementational problems, poverty research 281–3
import substitution strategy 250
In the Service of Democracy 401
income
space standards 359
women, OECD countries 38–9
income inequality
pension systems 154–5
social insurance institutions 164–8
among elderly 168–70
income poverty 347
income security, Australia 70–71, 72–3, 85
income testing 184
independence
French researchers 271
long-term care policy 132, 138
independence movements 225–6
Index of Targeting Transfer 175
indicators, social exclusion 346–8
limitations 348–9
indigenous influences, social development 232
informal economy 32
informal security regimes 244–9
Bangladesh and South Asia 252–3
information age
e-governance 390–92
impacts on society 388–90
policy process in 392–6
public participation, social policy 400–402
information technology, facilitation of crime 380
insecurity regimes 249
Sub-Saharan Africa 253–5
insider trading 378
insider–outsider (IO) evaluation 318–19
institutional processes, social exclusion research 349
institutional redistributive welfare state 122, 123
institutional strategies, social exclusion research 350
institutional typology, welfare states 156–61
institutionalist approach, cross-national analysis 204
institutionalization of care 133–4
of modern state 51, 52
institutions, informal security regimes 246
instrumental good, care-giving as 134, 135
intellectual styles, research 261–4
interdependence 147
intergenerational relations, housing 362
internal diversity, national averages 324–5
international agencies, vested interests, poverty research 285
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development 36
International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights 281
International Criminal Courts 378
international financial institutions (IFIs), influence of 80–81, 83
International Labour Organization (ILO) 54, 227
International Monetary Fund (IMF) 80–81, 83, 223, 228, 254, 371
international organizations, standardized social security legislation 54
international political economy
issue of welfare in 26
see also critical IPE; feminist IPE
international structuralist theory, policy analysis 222
international victim survey (UN) 382–3
internationalization, policy regimes 17
Internet
  Impacts, see information age
  spread of crime 380
  see also cyberspace
interpretation 319
interpreters 312
interscalar management 18–29
interviewing 315–16, 320
intrusive research 320
investments, social exclusion indicators 348–9
isolated indicators 331, 332
Japan
  homelessness 296–7
  housing 362
  inclusion in club of welfare states 123
  information age and policy process 394
  SPM 68–9, 73–8, 84
job security, Japan 73, 74
justice, and care 133–4
Keynesian welfare national state (KWNS) 13–15, 23
Keynesianism 1
labour, social division of 32
labour force
  feminization of 39
  KWNS social policy 14
labour market
  de-commodification and access to 191–2
  flexibility 83
labour unions, women’s issues 43
ladder of abstraction 310
language, translation and interpretation 312–13
language barriers, cross-cultural analyses 266–9
large-n studies 94
Latin America
  dysfunctional aspects of social life 53
  power of state 53–4
scepticism of Western social scientists 282
welfare state regime 249–50
LEADER initiative 318
leadership, IO approach 319
‘least similar’ methods 313
legislation (UK), homelessness 303
liberal capitalism 30–31
liberal conception, of citizenship 188
liberal internationalism, socio-economic integration 61–2
liberal welfare state regimes 121, 125, 183, 184, 190, 242
liberal-informal welfare regimes 250
life processes 243
life trajectories, social exclusion research 348
lifetime employment, Japan 73, 76
linguistic equivalence 293–4
Lisbon process 345–6, 353
literature
  comparative social policy 218–19
  see also publications
  livelihood strategies, social exclusion research 348
  livelihoods, informal security regimes 245
living standards, defining poverty relative to 343
loans, transition countries 81
local authority homeless acceptances, UK 300, 301
local contexts, criticisms of state-centred analyses 109–10
local entrepreneurship 230
local non-profit organizations, social development projects 228
Locke, John 141
lone mothers, equivalence of meaning in research 294–5
long-distance perspective, research 269–70
long-term care
  Chinese tradition, see Confucian perspective of care
paradox of care
  and autonomy 132–3
  challenge to moral foundation of care 134–6
  and dignity 131–2
and justice 133–4
low-income targeting 162, 164, 166
Luxembourg Income Study (LIS) 156, 164–8, 174, 210
macro-development planning, UN emphasis on 227
mainstream comparative inquiry challenges for 220–24
dominance of Western perspective 217, 220
neglect of normative and practical issues 218, 233
male-breadwinner family model 34–5, 194
market, welfare state regimes 184, 193
market economy, welfare state as complementary to 120–21
market failures, reliance on governance to compensate 24
market forces, social solidarity 104
Marxian class analysis 214
mass education state (US) 243
Matthew principle, of welfare 153, 162
means-testing 160, 184
medical advice, courts’ role in sub-standard 398
meta-governance
shift from government to 19 struggle over 22
micro enterprises 230
micro studies 204
micro-credit 230
migrant workers, concept of society 106
‘mixed economy of welfare’ 122
mobilization, see political mobilization
modern state, institutionalization of 51, 52
modern state model, imposition of 53–4
modernization theory
lack of regard for women’s role and status 36
social evolution 105
Momence, perception of ageing 143
moral autonomy, Confucian account 136–9
moral nature, of human beings 136
moral obligation, to parents 140–41, 142
moral panics, globalizing 378
mortgage arrears, homelessness 303
mortgaged home ownership 356, 361
‘most similar’ methods 313
multi-disciplinarity 92–3, 308
multi-level governance 20, 21–2
multi-level government 20, 21
multiculturalism
prescribed 212
weakening of nation-states 14–15
multinational consortia, in research 273
multinational corporations (MNCs)
regulation of activities 42–3
violation of human rights 40
nation-states
crime and re-legitimating of 379
cross-sectional analyses 95
debates over the future of 11
distinguished from national states 12
erosion of functions 2–3
inability to exercise sovereignty 109
multiculturalism 14–15
radical predictions 11
national action plans, to combat poverty 346
National Assistance Act (1948) 300
national averages 324–5
national debt, Japan 75
national household budget surveys 344
national identity 12, 52
‘National Political Development: Measurement and Analysis’ 330
national states
distinguished from nation-states 12
six countertrends 18–20
six trends in restructuring of 15–18
see also Keynesian welfare national state
nationalist movements 225–6
nationhood, social policy discourse 211
negative equity 368–9
neo-evolutionist approach, comparative research 264–5
neoGramscian IPE, concept of ‘world order’ 30, 32
neo-patrimonial regimes 55–6
neoliberal economic policies
globalization 37–8
Third Wave of Democracy 59
neoliberalism
community development approach 230
Global South 40–41
hegemony of 44
home ownership 356
housing policy 359
increasing influence of 220
power organizations 29
social developments’ statism 231
netizens 380
network enterprise 389
networks, informational 389–90
New Dimensions of Human Security 50
New Zealand, SPM 70
non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
female 29, 43
impact of globalization on policy making 44
non-regular employees
Japan 73–4
United States 84
Nordic model, welfare states 121
normative issues, mainstream comparative inquiry 218, 223
North
globalization, state and human insecurity 56–9
state formation and social policy 51–3
Northern Europe, mature urbanization 360
Norway, social insurance institutions and redistribution 168

obligation
citizenship as 186
and rights 188–9
Observatory 343
occupational benefits
Japan 73, 84
United States 84
OECD countries
globalization, impact on women 41
women’s employment and pay 38–9
old age pensions, see pensions
‘On Citizenship and Social Class’ 154, 181
ontological security 50
open method of coordination (OMC) 345–6
oppressive, welfare state as 190
organizational impacts, information technology 389
organizational strategies, social exclusion research 351
organized capitalism 27, 33–7
palliative transitional social policy 62–3
panel surveys, poverty 344
parallel methods 311
parent support, Hong Kong 140
parent–child relationships
as exchange relationships 141
moral obligation 140–41, 142
respect for parents 138
self-consciousness of moral requirement 137
part-time employees, Japan 77
participation, see political participation
paternalistic interventions 133
path dependence
case study research 266
housing policies 358–9
informal security model 247
policy change 204–5
racialized welfare states 211
patriarchy
cross-national policy analyses 208
women’s citizenship 34
penal gaze, global 382–3
pension funds, bankruptcy of Japanese 77
pensions
earnings-related 154–5
partial privatization 80, 81
social insurance institutions 157–61
inequality 168–70
personal characteristics, successful ageing 143–4
Pew US survey 396
physical status 143
physician–patient relationships, in information age 399–400
Plan of Action, social development 229
policy actors
in the information age 402
and researchers 272–3
vested interests in poverty research 284
policy making 393–4
policy networks 392
policy process, informational age
impacts 389, 392–6
policy regimes, internationalization 17
policy relevance, in research 271–2
Political Action 326
political activity 186
political arithmetic 272
political citizenship 119, 181, 182
political communities, re-imagining 18,
20, 52
political hierarchies, re-ordering of 17
political mobilization
informal security regimes 245–6
social citizenship rights 187
via the state 247
welfare state regimes 193–4
political participation
exercise of rights 188–9
in information age 400–402
and political space 186–7
welfare state regimes 193–4
political power
capability for exercising 13
de- and re-territorialization 15
deficit, and human insecurity 58
in information age 401
Latin America 53–4
retreat of the state 16
territorialization 12
political relationships, informal security
regimes 246
political space, and participation 186–7
political structures, cross-national
analyses 203
politicalization, of research 272
Poor Law 55, 279, 300
Population Census Thematic Report –
Older Persons (2001) 139
post-colonialism, shaping of welfare
states 211, 212–13
post-slavery, shaping of welfare states
211
post-socialist societies, SPM 69, 78–81
postmodernization, Inglehart’s account
105–6
postnational aspect, SWPR 23–4
poverty
colonial territories 225
comparative research
 gains of 285–8
obstacles 278–85
disproportionate affect on women 36
exclusion from informational society
401
gendered nature, in old age 365–6
housing tenure 366
national averages 325
public rented accommodation 369
social insurance institutions 164–8
see also anti-poverty programmes
poverty lines 279, 343, 347
power
gendered dimensions 33
informational networks 389
see also political power
pragmatism, transnational social policies
63
prescribed multiculturalism 212
priority need, homelessness 300
private insurance 169–70
private rented accommodation, decline
in 366–7
privatization policies, housing 359
productivist commitment, social
development 231, 233–4
productivist social development regime
251
professional interests, poverty research
284
progress 52, 231
property crime 283
property markets 356
property owning regimes 356–7
property rights 120
propinquity factor 309
public funding, of research 271
public pensions 168–70
public policy, social exclusion research
350
public rented accommodation, poverty
369
public–private divide
and citizenship 188
de-statization 15–16
public–private networks, growth of 24
public–private partnerships 16, 19
publications
international research 266–7
see also literature
purchasing power parities (PPP) 329
qualitative methods 307–20
  choosing 313–17
  comparative evaluation 317–19
  data processing and interpretation 319
  managing collaboration, aegis and
  language 310–13
  methods, context and theory 308–10
  multi-disciplinary input 308
  sampling 313
  ‘quality of life’ questionnaires 314
quantitative method 324–36
  composite indices 331–2
  GNP as fallacious indicator 328–9
  link between data and method 335–6
  national averages 324–5
  scoring and scaling 329–31
  shadow economy 334–5
  survey research, limits of 325–7
  temporal lag between cause and effect
  333–4
  world-wide statistical analysis 327–8
  questionnaires 314–15
race, cross-national policy analysis
  210–13
rationality, and autonomy 133
re-statization 15–16
re-territorialization, state power 15
recipient good 142
reciprocity, Confucian 142, 146
redistribution
  paradox of 171–3
  strategies of equality 161–4
  outcomes in terms of poverty and
  inequality 164–8
regime analysis 205–6, 266
regional diversities, national averages
  325
regional social policy regimes 249–55
regulatory power, of state 52
rental tenure 366, 369
research cultures 261–4
research questions
  arising from existing research 286–7
  cultural impact 268, 278
research tasks 261
researchers
  asymmetrical relationship, between
  282–3
  British 264, 266, 267
formation of multinational consortia
  273
French 263, 271
  and policy actors 272–3
residual welfare systems 55–6, 121
respect, for one’s parents 138
retirement, social exclusion research
  349
retrenchment of social programmes,
  comparative inquiry into 220
Review on Care for the Elderly (1994)
  146
‘right to work’, state socialism 79, 81
risk pools, social insurance 162
Robin Hood principle, of welfare 153,
  162
rough sleeping 296, 297
rural–urban migration 360
safari method 310–11
sages, human beings’ likeness to 136–7
sampling, qualitative research 309, 313,
  320
Saxon style research 261–2
  scaling, statistical 329–31
Schumpeterian workfare post-national
  regime 23–4
  scoring, statistical 329–31
sectoral approach, qualitative research
  308–9
security, see human insecurity; human
  security; social security
segregation, housing provision 357
self-awareness, of moral nature 136, 137
self-consciousness, moral requirement
to treat with dignity 137
self-determination
  national 225
  personal autonomy 132
self-help 41
seniority, Japanese pay based on 77
settler regimes, cross-national policy
  analysis 212
sexual division of labour, and citizen-
ship 188
shadow economy 334–5
‘shock therapy’ policy 80
sickness benefits, social insurance
  institutions 157–61
The Silent Revolution 326
single cause models, poverty research 284
single homeless households 303–4
slavery/post-slavery, shaping of welfare states 211
small-n studies 94–5
snowballing 311, 314
social administration tradition, welfare states 122–3
social capital theory 230
social change
critical IPE 31
residential property markets 361–4
Social Charter (EU) 42
social citizenship 181
Social Citizenship Indicator Programme (SCIP) 156
social contracts, housing provision 364
social control, centralization of 384
social democratic welfare state regimes 182–3, 184, 190, 242
social development
Global South 224–31
indigenization and normative relevance 231–5
social evolution, idea of 105
social exclusion
comparative analysis 341–53
EU agenda 352–3
EU anti-poverty programmes 342–8
methodology 341–2
possibilities for future research 348–51
housing 369–70
informal security regimes 245
research, government agenda 351
social expenditure, Japan 74
social insurance
contributions 184
early schemes 120
institutions, see welfare states, institutions
social integration, welfare states 108
social polarization 108
social policy
and autonomy 133
changing discourse around 1–2
globalization and 2
public participation, in information age 400–402
and state formation 51–6
strategies of equality 153–6
SWPR 23
welfare regime approach 239–40
see also comparative social policy;
cross-national social policy analysis; global social policy;
healthcare policy
social problems, global 28–9
social processes, shaping of welfare states 211–13
social protection by other means (SPM) 68–85
Australia 68, 70–73
Japan 68–9, 73–8
post-socialist societies 78–81
social provision, Confucian account of 143–7
social reform, women’s political participation 187
social relations
social change 31
state regulation of 51–2
welfare state 183–4
social rented accommodation 367
social rights
distinguished from civil and political rights 181
welfare capitalism 53
women’s political mobilization 187
social security
standardized legislation 54
Western economies 34
social settlement, post-war 27
social solidarity 104
social stratification, welfare states as systems of 192–3
social welfare, Global South 224–31
social work, social development approach 226
societal approach, comparative research 265–6
societies
comparative social policy
competing definitions 104
criticisms, as unit of analysis 108–11
difficulty in defining 103

Patricia Kennett - 9781840648867
Downloaded from Elgar Online at 11/30/2018 03:12:19AM via free access
imprecision of concept 105–6
re-conceptualizing 111–13
distinction between states and 103
*Society, Politics and Economic Development: A Quantitative Approach*
331
socio-economic integration, global
ethical framework 61–2
socio-economic outcomes, cross-
national policy analysis 212
Sostris project 315–16
South, see Global South
South Asia
aid and informal security 252–3
weakness of state 54
South Korea, possible inclusion in club
of welfare states 123
Southeast Asia, e-governance 391
Southern European welfare regime
model 185
sovereign states 21
sovereignty
early modern idea of 51
popular 52
‘spatialization of time and experience’
52
SPM, see social protection by other
means
stakeholders, involvement in research
318–19
state
formation and social policy 51–6
globalization
and human insecurity 56–9
and role as provider of security
41–2
globalizing criminology 384–5
importance to women’s employment
191–2
reassessment in social policy analysis
2
role in welfare 34–5
welfare state regimes 184, 193
state corporatist model, welfare 158,
159, 160–61
income inequality
among elderly 168, 169
and poverty 165, 166
strategies of equality 161–2, 163
state housing assistance, erosion of 364
state intervention
in economy 17
housing 367–8
social welfare 224–5
state socialist countries
SPM 69, 78–9
welfare systems, exclusion from
comparative analyses 117
state welfare, Japan 75
state-centred approaches 20
states
comparative social policy
comparison of 103–4, 106–7
criticisms of, as unit of analysis
108–11
re-conceptualizing 111–13
distinction between societies and 103
five conceptual clarifications 12–13
see also governance; nation-states;
national states
statism, social development 230, 231
statistical units, poverty research 284–5
statistics
political and institutional influence
272
see also quantitative method
strategies of equality
social insurance institutions 161–4
social policy 153–6
Structural Adjustment Loan 81
structural analysis 202
structural change 202–3
structural constraints, social change 31
structure, in cross-national analyses
202–4
structured diversity 205–6, 214
structured qualitative comparison 319
Sub-Saharan Africa, regional insecurity
regime 253–5
subsidiarity 16, 358
supranational arena 20
surveillance, through technology 380
survey methods 314–15, 325–7
*Survey Research in the Social Sciences*
326–7
SWPR, see Schumpeterian workfare
post-national regime
Taiwan, Internet and healthcare 398,
399
targeted model, welfare 153, 154, 155, 158–60
income inequality and poverty 165
strategies of equality 161, 162, 163
tariffs, Australian economic protectionism 70, 71
taxonomic exercises 219
taxonomies, use of Western 221–2
temporal dimension, cause and effect 333–4
temporary workers, Japan 77
territorialization, political power 12
terrorism 374
Teutonic style research 262
theft 282–3
Thematic Household Survey Report No. 11 (2003) 140
theme coding, of text 319
theoretical knowledge, about poverty 279–80
Third Wave of Democracy 59
three-worlds framework, welfare states 112, 123
The Three Worlds of Welfare Capitalism 182
topic diversity, comparative social policy 219
trading blocs, lack of social provision and environmental safeguards 42
transitional social policy, palliative 62–3
translations 268, 312, 315
transnational crime 374, 381
transnational political action, human insecurity 58
transnational social policy 62–3
transnational space, cosmopolitanism 60–61
transparency, in research 320
tree analysis 326
typological preoccupation 219–20
typologizing 112
under-development 37
unemployment
Australia (1960–73) 71
Japan 75
post-socialist countries 80
social exclusion research 349
see also employment
unified socio-economic development 227, 230
United Kingdom
construction of homelessness 299–304
domestic policy and crime control 379–80
healthcare policy in information age 397–8
home ownership 361, 366
linkages between research and policy 271, 272
long-term care 131, 138, 145
researchers
market and policy driven 264
as project co-ordinators 267
social insurance institutions and redistribution 168
United Nations
Centre for Human Settlement 297, 357
Centre on Transnational Corporations 42
Commission on the Status of Women 36
Development Reports
globalization (1999) 58
human security (1994) 50
global solutions to world problems 29
global survey of crime and control 382–3, 384–5
social development approach 226–7, 228–9
United States
e-governance 391
healthcare policy making 397
mass education state 243
occupational benefits 84
poverty and public rented accommodation 369
welfare state 121, 125, 166
units of analysis 94–5, 103, 268–9, 278, 309
universal concept, crime as 382
universal welfare 153, 154–5
inclusion into club of welfare states 125
state socialism 78–9
urbanization 359–60
value consensus 294
values, nationalistic 52
variable coding, of text 319
‘variable distance’, in research 269–70
vested interests, poverty research 283–5
victim surveys 282, 283
vignettes 316–17
voluntarism, global social policy 61
voluntary sacrifice 140–41
voluntary subsidized model, welfare 158, 159, 160
strategies of equality 161, 162, 163
wage arbitration, Australia 70, 72, 73, 83–4
wage flexibility 83
wages, Japanese 76
welfare
  in international political economy 26
  state role in 34–5
  see also social protection by other means
welfare capitalism 1, 53, 82, 182
welfare efforts, growth of comparative studies 97
welfare productivism 231
welfare society, co-existence of welfare state and 122
welfare state
  changing discourse around 1–2
  feminists’ ambivalence towards 35
  relationship between globalization and 2
  terminology 180–81
welfare state regimes 241–4
  case study research 266
  citizenship 182–5
  comparative social policy
    analytical problem 110–11
    as unit of analysis 107–8
    cross-sectoral research 309
  developing countries 239–56
  gender-sensitive analysis of 191–4
  multi-faceted analysis 196–7
welfare states
  ethnocentric construction 116–28
  abolition of 127
  elastic definition of 122–7
  exclusions from comparative analyses 117
  underlying institutional assumptions 118–22
  western bias 116–17
  feminist analyses 189–90
  growth of comparative studies 97–9
  institutions
    income inequality among elderly 168–70
    redistribution 164–8
    paradox of 171–3
    strategies of equality 161–4
    struggle between elites 61–2
    typology 156–61
  need for scientific construction 127–8
  social integration 108
  strategies of equality 153–6
  structured diversity, in comparing 201–14
  three-worlds framework 112
  use of Western explanatory theories to account for 222
  use Western taxonomies 221–2
welfare systems
  Global South 54–6
  Westernization of 85
Western bias, construction of welfare states 116–17
Western discourses, criminology 385
Western explanatory theories, evolution of welfare states 222
Western taxonomies, classification of welfare programmes, non-Western societies 221
With Respect to Old Age: Long Term Care – Rights and Responsibilities (1999) 131, 138
women
  homelessness, Japan 296–7
  political and civil citizenship 182
  poverty in old age 365–6
  see also gender
Women and the Welfare State 190
women-friendly policies 187
women-friendly welfare states 190
women’s autonomization 208
women’s work, distortion in GNP statistics 328
workfare 125
workfare regime, Schumpeterianism as 23
Working Group on the Care of the Elderly 145
Workplace Industrial Relations Panel Survey (WIRS) 350
World Bank 42, 80–81, 83, 223, 227, 228, 254, 278, 371
World Handbook of Political Indicators 332
World Health Organization (WHO) 227, 314
‘world order’, gendering 26–7, 30–33
World Social Summit on Social Development 29, 229
world society 60
world-wide statistical analysis 327–8
young people
housing opportunities 363
New Labour and crime control 379–80