Figures

**PART ONE**

1.1 A human activities model
1.2 Phases of differential urbanization
1.3 An idealized characterization of one complete cycle of differential urbanization
1.4 Changing relationships between net migration rate and settlement size during a complete cycle of urban development
3.1 The growth of urban centres over time

**PART TWO**

**Britain**

5.1 Population change by URRA size group, 1951-91
5.2 Net migration for functional region size groups, by age and sex, Great Britain, 1990-91

**France**

6.1 The French urban system, 1999
6.2 Urban sprawl in France, 1968-99
6.3 Changing growth rates of different zones of daily urban systems, 1968-99
6.4 Concentration index of city size distribution, 1954-99
6.5 Trajectories of main cities in the space of economic activities, 1968-90

**Germany**

7.1 Proportion of population by settlement size, 1998
7.2 Rank-size distribution of cities with at least 100,000 inhabitants, 1939 and 1998
7.3 Cities by size and types of regions according to settlement structure
7.4 Population development in the German Empire, 1871-1940
7.5 Population change by type of region and time period, West
Germany
7.6 Proportion of population by year and type of region 158
7.7 Population change in West Germany by types of county 159
7.8 Population development of the GDR by settlement size 161
7.9 Population development of the GDR, 1950-89 167
7.10 Population development of the GDR by types of region and 168
county, 1939-1990
7.11 Population development of selected cities in the GDR, 1939-90 170
7.12 Rate of migration balance according to age groups, type of 172
county and time period (East Germany or new Länder)

The Netherlands
8.1 Agglomerations of the Netherlands, 1987 189
8.2 Development of population distribution related to degree of 191
urbanization, 1960-90
8.3 Changes in population distribution between 1960 and 1990 191
8.4 Population distribution of C-municipalities between 1960 202
and 1990
8.5 Changes of population shares of C-municipalities between 202
1960 and 1990
8.6 Population distribution according to address density in 1992 208
and 2000
8.7 Change of population distribution between 1992 and 2000 208

Italy
9.1 Trends of Hoover values for selected Italian regions, 1951-99 223
9.2 The relationship between settlement size and population growth, 226
Italy, 1951-99
9.3 Correlation between settlement size and population growth, Piedmont, 228
1951-99
9.4 Correlation between settlement size and population growth, 228
Tuscany, 1951-99
9.5 Correlation between settlement size and population growth, 229
Calabria, 1951-99
9.6 Population change in selected Italian FURs 231
9.7 Communes classified by period of maximum population 233

Finland
10.1 Net migration in different groups of cities, towns, and rural 243
municipalities in Finland, 1941-98
10.2 Countryside types by municipality, 2001 252
10.3 The changes of labour market status until 1997 of those who
migrated in 1996 to the Helsinki labour market area as employed

10.4 The change in population structure, 1750-1900
10.5 The change in population structure, 1999-2050

Poland

11.1 Polish urban sizes, 1998
11.2 Rank size distribution of Polish towns, 1950 and 1998
11.3 Gross rural-to-urban and urban-to-rural migration in Poland, 1952-98
11.4 Foreign migration in Poland, 1948-98
11.5 Annual net migration by city size in Poland, 1952-98
11.6 Average net migration by city size in Poland, 1952-98

Romania

12.1 Urban network and distribution of population, 2000
12.2 The comparative rank-size distribution, 1966-92
12.3 The multicriterial hierarchy of towns
12.4 The territorial pattern of urban systems
12.5 A graphical representation of urban hierarchical arrangements
12.6 Rank variation of towns between 1966 and 1992
12.7 Main stages in the evolution of urban systems in the socialist period
12.8 Evolution of net migration by groups of settlements

Turkey

13.1 Youth, producer and elderly population, 1935-90, with a projection to 2070
13.2 Distribution of the population by region in 1950 and 1997 (1950 percentage / 1997 percentage)
13.3 Provinces by socio-economic development level
13.4 Differential urbanization in Turkey, 1950-97
13.5 Population rates of change, 1990-97 (%)
13.6 Annual population growth rates of provinces, 1990-97 (%)
13.7 Dynamics of migration
13.8 Migration between different types of settlements

The United States of America

14.1 High immigration metro areas
14.2 High domestic migration metro areas
14.3 High out-migration metro areas
14.4 Los Angeles 2025 age structure by race-ethnicity
International Handbook of Urban Systems

14.5 Detroit 2025 age structure by race-ethnicity 387

Canada
15.1 The size of urban centres in Canada, 1996 397
15.2 Migration and shifts in the Canadian population growth, 1961-99 405
15.3 GDP growth of different sectors in Canada, 1971-2000 408
15.4 Interprovincial and international trade flows, 1984-99 408
15.5 Local and international trade of Canada, 1972-2000 409
15.6 Migration trends, Ontario, 1966-99 411
15.7 Migration trends, Quebec, 1966-99 412
15.8 Migration trends, Alberta, 1966-99 413
15.9 Migration trends, British Columbia, 1966-99 414

Mexico
16.1 Main cities and roads in the eighteenth century 423
16.2 The railway network before and after 1900 424
16.3 Population change by rank-size, 1950-95 434
16.4 Evolution of population by rank-size, 1950-95 434
16.5 Socio-economic changes by city-size categories 437
16.6 Regional and city-size distribution of migration flows originating in core and peripheral regions, 1985-90 443
16.7 Total migration flows between core and peripheral regions, 1985-90 445

Brazil
17.1 Map of Brazil 461

Japan
18.1 The spatial structure of the Japanese urban system 491
18.2 The hierarchical structure of the Japanese urban system 492
18.3 Migration efficiency for selected prefectures, 1955-90 493
18.4 Net internal migration for Japan’s largest metropolitan regions, 1954-97 495
18.5 Processes of economic change and migration to and from Tokyo, 1960-2000 496

South Korea
19.1 Cities with population > 250,000 in South Korea 506
19.2 Migration’s contribution to capital region’s growth 517

India
20.1 Administrative divisions and million cities of India, 1991 530
20.2 Level of urbanization in India, 1991 531
### Figures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>20.3</td>
<td>Schematic diagram of macro processes of under-development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.4</td>
<td>Population growth in Greater Bombay, according to 1991 census</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.5</td>
<td>Population growth in Calcutta, according to 1991 census</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.6</td>
<td>Population growth in Delhi, according to 1991 census</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.7</td>
<td>Population growth in Madras, according to 1991 census</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.1</td>
<td>The South African Bantustans, 1913 and 1967</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.2</td>
<td>The National Physical Development Plan, 1975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.3</td>
<td>Spatial development initiatives and land tax holidays, 1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.4</td>
<td>Distribution of urban population in South Africa, 1991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.6</td>
<td>Provision of services in a selection of urban centres, 1996</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.7</td>
<td>Proportional growth of urban population groups, 1951-91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.8</td>
<td>Space-time distribution of urban growth in South Africa, 1951-91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.9</td>
<td>Proportional growth of urban groups, 1904-91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.10</td>
<td>Proportional and real population change in urban groups, 1951-91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>