Contributors

Co-editors
Susan Rose-Ackerman is the Henry R. Luce Professor of Jurisprudence (Law and Political Science) at Yale University, New Haven, CT, USA. She has written widely on corruption, administrative law, environmental policy, and law and economics. Her most recent books are: From Elections to Democracy: Building Accountable Government in Hungary and Poland (2005); and Corruption and Government: Causes, Consequences and Reform (1999; translated into 17 languages). She is the editor of International Handbook on the Economics of Corruption (2006), Economics of Administrative Law (2007), and Comparative Administrative Law (with Peter Lindseth, 2010). She holds a BA from Wellesley College and a PhD in economics from Yale University.

Tina Søreide is a Senior Researcher at Chr. Michelsen Institute (CMI) in Bergen, Norway. Her research interests include various challenges associated with corruption as well as the political economy of sector governance. She teaches political economy at the Department of Economics, University of Bergen. From 2008 to 2010, she was on leave from CMI to work on the Governance and Anti-Corruption (GAC) agenda at the World Bank, Washington, DC. She holds a PhD in economics from the Norwegian School of Economics and Business Administration (NHH) and a Master’s in economics from the University of Bergen, Norway.

Contributors
Toke S. Aidt holds a PhD from the University of Aarhus in Denmark and is a University Senior Lecturer in the Faculty of Economics at the University of Cambridge, UK. He is a Fellow of Jesus College, Cambridge and of CESifo, Munich. His research interests are political economics, corruption and development, and the economic origins of political institutions. His recent work on corruption has appeared in the Economic Journal, Economics and Politics, the Journal of Comparative Economics and the Oxford Review of Economic Policy.

Dante Mendes Aldrighi is Professor of Economics at the University of São Paulo and Researcher at Brazil’s National Council for Scientific and Technological Development (CNPq). His research interests and publications include corporate governance and corporate finance. He was one of
the contributors to the *Oxford Handbook of Business Groups* (2010) and to the *Global Corruption Report 2009*.

**Emmanuelle Auriol** received her PhD in economics from the University of Toulouse, France. She is a professor at Toulouse School of Economics, a fellow of the EEA, CEPR, EUDN, CESifo, and a member of the EEA Council and of the executive committee of EUDN. Her research interests include industrial organization, regulation, labor economics, and collective decision making. She studies government conduct and performance with a special focus on developing economies. She relies both on theory and empirical studies to derive policy recommendations on industrial organization issues such as privatization, regulation, and market design. Because, in practice, policy implementation matters as much as policy design, she also studies incentives in public organizations and government structure.

**Frédéric Boehm** is Professor of Economics at Universidad del Norte in Barranquilla, Colombia. He received his PhD in economics from the University of Technology in Berlin in 2007 on issues related to corruption in public service sector reforms, auctions, and regulation. Before joining the Universidad del Norte he worked for three years for the German Organization for Technical Cooperation’s (Deutsche Gesellschaft für Technische Zusammenarbeit: GTZ) on anti-corruption projects. His research interests include corruption in public service sectors, corruption and development, new institutional economics, and development economics.

**Edgardo Buscaglia** is the Director of the International Law and Economic Development Center (1999–present); chief adviser with the United Nations (UN) and Senior Law and Economics Scholar, Columbia University. His field research conducted during the past sixteen years covers 107 countries and provides empirical objective evidence on judicial systems performance and on how effectively countries comply with the United Nations’ conventions addressing corruption and organized crime. He is the author of *Law and Economics in Developing Countries* (2000), co-editor of *Law and Economics of Development* and his peer-reviewed work has been published in journals such as *The American Political Science Review, Jurimetrics*, and *The International Review of Law and Economics*.

**Bianca Clausen** an economist in the development economics and research division of the German development bank KiW. Before joining KiW, she worked as a consultant in the Development Research Group at the World Bank. Her research interests include governance and corruption, gender economics, and international macroeconomics.

**Shawn Cole** is Professor of Finance at the Harvard Business School,
Contributors  ix

Boston, MA, USA. He holds a BA in German literature and economics from Cornell University, and a PhD in economics from MIT. His work focuses on finance and emerging markets. In addition to corruption, he studies banking, insurance, and financial decision making.

Antonio Estache is Professor of Economics at the Université Libre de Bruxelles (ULB), Belgium. He is also a research fellow at the European Center for Advanced Research in Economics and Statistics (ECARES) and the Center for Economic Policy Research (CEPR). Prior to joining the ULB, he worked for 25 years at the World Bank on fiscal, environmental, fiscal, growth and infrastructure policies and research. He has published extensively in these fields.

Bent Flyvbjerg is BT Professor and first holder of the Chair in the Major Programme Management at Oxford University’s Saïd Business School and Director of Oxford’s BT Centre for Major Programme Management Oxford, UK. He works for better planning and management of megaprojects and cities. His research has led to several changes in government policy and to new methods for planning and management. His books include Making Social Science Matter (2001), Rationality and Power (1998), Megaprojects and Risk (2003), and Decision-Making on Mega-Projects (2008). His books and articles have been translated into 18 languages. He has served as adviser to the United Nations, the EU Commission, and government and companies in many countries.

Yujin Jeong is Assistant Professor of International Business, HEC Montreal, Canada and a contributing editor of The Anti-Corruption Research Network, Transparency International. Her research focuses on cross-border investments, corporate governance, institutions, and the business–government relationship. She received her PhD in International Economics and Finance (2010) and joint MBA/MA (2005) degrees from George Washington University, and her BA degree from Ewha Woman’s University in Seoul, South Korea.

Charles Kenny is a Senior Fellow at the Center for Global Development. His current work covers topics including the demand side of development, the role of technology in quality of life improvements, and governance and anti-corruption in aid. He is a contributing editor at Foreign Policy magazine and a Schwartz Fellow at the New America Foundation. He was previously at the World Bank, where his assignments included working with the VP for the Middle East and North Africa Region. He holds an MA in international economics from the School of Advanced International Studies, Johns Hopkins University and an MA in development studies from the School of Oriental and African Studies (SOAS).
Aart Kraay is a Lead Economist in the Development Research Group at the World Bank. He joined the Bank in 1995 after earning a PhD in economics from Harvard University and a BSc in economics from the University of Toronto. His research interests include international capital movements, growth and inequality, governance, and the Chinese economy. He has also worked for the China department of the World Bank and was a team member of the 2001 World Development Report ‘Building Institutions for Markets’. He has taught courses at several universities in macroeconomics, international economics, and growth.

Ariane Lambert-Mogiliansky holds a PhD in economics from the University of Stockholm, Sweden. She is associate professor at the Paris School of Economics and director of the Chair in the Economics of Transparency and Accountability. Her research interests include mechanisms of corruption in the context of competitive procedures and other common strategic situations. Her recent works on corruption have been published in the RAND Journal of Economics, Journal of Economics and Management Strategy, Journal of Development Economics and Review of Economic Design.

Eamonn Molloy is the Tutorial Fellow in Management Studies at Pembroke College, University of Oxford and Research Director at the BT Centre for Major Programme Management at Saïd Business School, University of Oxford, UK. He does teaching and research in Major Programme Management, drawing on economic and organizational theory. He is interested in the environmental, social and economic impact of major programs as well understanding mega-projects as sites for scientific and technological innovation. He has also worked as a consultant and adviser to government and the private sector in the organizational design, implementation and impact assessment of major programs.

Peter Murrell is a Professor of Economics at the University of Maryland, College Park, MD, USA. He received his BSc (Econ.) and MSc (Econ.) from the London School of Economics and his PhD from the University of Pennsylvania. He has published 80 journal papers and book chapters, two books, and one edited collection. His early work was in the field of comparative economic systems, culminating in the book, The Nature of Socialist Economies (1990). For two decades he has worked on transition economies, carrying out survey work in Russia, Mongolia, and Romania. That work led to the publication of ‘Identifying reticent respondents: assessing the quality of survey data on corruption and values’ (with Omar Azfar) in Economic Development and Cultural Change, the first paper to estimate the degree of reticence of survey respondents. In addition to the
work on reticence, his current research focuses on the determinants of institutional and cultural change.

**Maria Musatova** took an active role in the World Bank’s research activities of corruption risk and procurement auctions. During three years of close cooperation with the World Bank, she worked on evaluation of corruption risk and promotion of competition in the Bank’s infrastructure projects. She also contributed to formulating policy adjustments and improving the Bank’s operations in the areas of financial management and credit risk. She is currently a research fellow at the Institute of Economics and Industrial Engineering, Siberian Branch of the Russian Academy of Science. She holds a PhD in economics from the Novosibirsk State University.

**Leonid V. Peisakhin** is a Junior Research Fellow at the Juan March Institute in Madrid, Spain. His doctoral dissertation, ‘Historical Legacies and Contemporary Political Culture: Persistence of Political Behavior and Economic Practices’, draws on a natural experiment that divided much of Eastern Europe between different empires and argues that political behaviors and informal economic practices established during that division persist into the present. His research interests include the causes of corruption and variation in attitudes towards private property and rule of law regimes. His work has appeared in the *Journal of Law and Economics* and in *Regulation and Governance*. He holds a BA from Harvard College, an MPhil from Oxford University, and is completing a PhD in Political Science at Yale University.

**Gustavo Piga** holds a PhD in Economics from Columbia University, New York, USA and is Full Professor of Economics at the University of Rome Tor Vergata, Italy, where he chairs the PhD program in Money and Finance and the Master in Procurement Management. He is a professor at the Italian School of Government where he directs the ‘For a Culture against Corruption’ program. A procurement consultant for several organizations, he chaired the Italian Procurement Agency for Goods and Services, Consip Ltd., between 2002 and 2005.

**Joshua D. Potter** is a PhD student in Political Science at Washington University in St. Louis, MO, USA. In addition to political corruption, his other published research has dealt with elections and party systems, formal modeling, and organizational ecology. His dissertation studies party competition and strategic voting using interview, survey, and statistical methods.

**Francesca Recanatini** is a senior public sector specialist in the Public Sector Governance anchor (PRMPS) of the World Bank. She leads the
Anti-corruption Thematic Group providing advice and guidance on anti-corruption preventive work and institutions of accountability. She also coordinates the work on governance and anti-corruption diagnostic tools and indicators in sectors and in fragile countries and the work on anti-corruption authorities. Before joining the World Bank, she worked at the IRIS Center at the University of Maryland focusing on institutional reforms in transition economies. She joined the World Bank in 1998 and worked in the Bank’s Research Department, the Eastern European region and the World Bank Institute before joining PRMPS. She holds a PhD in economics from the University of Maryland at College Park.

Stéphane Straub is a professor at the Toulouse School of Economics, France specialized in issues of infrastructure, corruption, and more generally industrial organization in the context of developing countries. After spending 10 years in Latin America (Paraguay), where he worked, among others, as an entrepreneur, a private consultant, a university professor and a government advisor, he has held academic positions in the US, the UK and France. He is also a consultant for international institutions such as the World Bank and the Asian Development Bank.

Margit Tavits is Associate Professor in Political Science at Washington University in St. Louis, MO, USA. She specializes in the study of political institutions, government performance, and party politics with a primary focus on Eastern and Western Europe. She is the author of Presidents with Prime Ministers: Do Direct Elections Matter? (2009). Her work has appeared in the American Political Science Review, the American Journal of Political Science, the British Journal of Political Science, Comparative Political Studies and other journals.

Anh Tran is Assistant Professor of Public Policy at Indiana University Bloomington, IN, USA, where he teaches international development, international trade and finance. His research focuses on the political economy of developing countries, particularly in Asia. His current research projects concern transparency, corruption, tax evasion, news manipulation, political networks, and their economic and social effects. He also works frequently as a consultant for reform initiatives by national governments with the United Nations and the World Bank. He has held a UNDP Academic Fellowship, participated in the Asia Foundation’s Emerging Leaders Program and was an expert of the Vietnamese Prime Minister’s Research Council. He received his PhD in public policy from Harvard University.

Rory Truex is a graduate student in political science and economics at Yale University, New Haven, CT, USA. He studies comparative politics
Contributors

and political economy, focusing on issues of governance and political development. His current research concerns the causes and consequences of corruption. He recently served as a consultant for the World Bank on the Construction Sector Transparency Initiative. Prior to entering graduate school, he worked as a strategic management consultant at Bain & Company, Inc. in New York.

Maria Vagliasindi is currently a Lead Economist at the World Bank, leading policy dialogue on energy and infrastructure reforms in several developing countries worldwide. She has taught industrial and public economics at the universities of Warwick and Edinburgh. She has written widely on the economics of competition, regulation and public–private partnership, and lately also on governance of state-owned enterprises. Before joining the World Bank she worked in the Chief Economist’s Office of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development. She holds an MPhil in economics from the University of Oxford and a PhD in economics from the University of Warwick.

Pedro C. Vicente is Lecturer in Economics at Trinity College Dublin, Ireland, and a Research Associate at the Centre for the Study of African Economies at the University of Oxford, UK. He researches the political economy of development, namely corruption, electoral politics, and conflict, with a special interest in Africa. He designed and conducted field experiments during elections in Mozambique, Nigeria, and São Tomé and Príncipe. He holds a PhD in economics from the University of Chicago and is affiliated with BREAD.

Robert J. Weiner is Professor of International Business, Public Policy and Public Administration, and International Affairs, George Washington University, Washington, DC, USA and Membre Associé, GREEN (Groupe de recherche en économie de l'énergie, de l'environnement et des ressources naturelles), Université Laval, Ste.-Foy, Québec, Canada. He is author of numerous publications that use the global petroleum industry as a research laboratory, examining corruption, corporate governance, resource nationalism, mergers, FDI and political risk, speculation and price volatility, and trading companies. He holds a doctorate in business economics from Harvard University.

Liam Wren-Lewis is an economist working on social support programs in the Government of Malawi. He recently completed his PhD on utility regulation in developing countries at the University of Oxford, in which corruption was a major focus. He also carries out research on the determinants of income inequality and has worked as a consultant at the World Bank and the Institute for Fiscal Studies.