

Index

- agglomeration economies
 - contribution to economic growth in urban regions 336–9, 352–3
 - developments from 1970s 52–3, 166
 - early approaches to 51–2
 - empirical investigation of 56
 - importance of 54, 74–5, 335
 - industrial clusters 63, 65, 76
 - literature on 49, 57
 - phenomena 5–6
 - pure 63, 76
 - relation to proximity 48, 58, 82–3, 163–4, 197, 361
 - role of 55, 67, 82
- agro-food industry 151–2, 153
- Aldridge, T.T. 52, 74, 80
- ambient knowledge transmission 55
- Amin, A. 14, 60, 71, 72–3, 79, 80, 81, 198, 210
- Andersson, A.E. 50, 69
- Andersson, M. 58, 60, 69, 70, 77, 78
- Arita, T. 63–4, 80–81
- Asheim, B. 14, 19, 66, 68, 69, 70, 172, 176, 199
- atmospheric externality 62
- Audretsch, D.B. 8, 52, 58, 74, 76, 80, 83, 170, 260
- backbone networks 276
- Balland, P.-A. 224, 244, 245, 247, 252, 253, 254, 258, 259, 260, 261, 279
- Barca, F. 16, 29, 319, 324, 335, 339, 351
- basic sector 10, 13
- Bathelt, H. 20, 62, 100, 195, 198, 199, 200, 218, 292, 293, 294, 295, 298, 299, 300, 302, 303, 304, 306, 307, 308, 309, 354
- Bayern Innovativ (BI) 154
- Becattini, G. 7, 14, 168, 195, 197
- Beckmann, M. 49, 361
- Bellet, M. 17, 58, 244
- Bès, M.-P. 9, 232, 236
- Beuret, J.-E. 25, 29, 121, 128
- biotechnology industry 152–3, 156
- Boschma, R. 9, 15, 19, 20, 21, 24, 28, 35, 50, 58, 94, 96, 97, 103, 138, 141, 173, 174, 176, 182, 189, 197, 198, 223–4, 225, 226, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 252, 253, 254, 258, 259, 260, 261, 279, 291, 292, 333, 355
- Bouba-Olga, O. 18, 24, 99, 224, 244, 292
- business trips 101–2, 109
- ‘buzz’ 8, 83–4, 198–201, 215, 217, 299, 309, 353
- C-society 50
- Camagni, R. 14, 50, 164, 169, 176, 180, 182, 186, 317, 321, 322, 323, 326, 327, 330, 331, 362
- Capello, R. 9, 24, 27, 49, 50, 55, 60, 68, 164, 168, 169, 170, 171, 173, 176, 179, 180, 182, 322
- capitalist economies
 - dynamic capitalist varieties 305–8
 - linking with geographies 293–5
 - varieties of capitalism 155–6, 293–4, 295–7, 300, 308–9
- carbon energy 146–7, 155
- Carrincazeaux, C. 18, 23, 24, 62, 105, 138, 139, 148, 244, 261, 294
- cities
 - concentration of digital economy 66
 - ‘creative class’ 69
 - growth within 339
 - industry within 167–8
 - IP links 270, 280
 - Norwegian city regions 196, 198, 201, 202–4, 215, 217
 - and path dependence 144–5
 - price of housing 49

- proximity 4–5
 - see also* urbanization economies
- clusters
 - cluster intensity 76–7
 - cluster policies 75–7
 - example complex of 154–5
 - formation 47
 - geographical and organized
 - proximity role 105–8, 115, 131
 - importance, and role of proximity 102–5
 - industrial 55, 63–4, 65, 66, 76, 77
 - innovation 65, 77
 - knowledge industry 68
 - Norwegian 201, 209, 215
 - Porter's notion of 66, 143
 - regional IP connectivity 276–7
 - in specific fields 20
 - temporary 101, 109
 - transformational ability 15
 - types of 64–5
- co-evolutionary space 151–3
- co-evolutionary theory 137
- co-localization 59
- co-location of firms
 - benefits 26–7, 51, 53
 - distinguished from geographical proximity 101, 107, 142, 246
 - no longer a necessity 100, 108
- codified knowledge 139, 198, 307, 333–4, 353
- cognitive distance 22, 61, 99, 245
- cognitive proximity 21, 33, 35, 62, 165, 173–4, 182–3, 189, 245, 253–4, 258, 260, 279
- cohesion policy 323, 324, 334–5
- collaboration between firms
 - data and method of studies 231–7
 - determinants of 209–15
 - long-distance 109–12
 - proximities of coordination 228–9
 - video games industry study 243–61
- collaborative advantage 48, 364
- collective benchmarking 55
- collective good 121
- collective learning 50, 68, 164, 169, 279, 328
- combinatorial complexity 139–40, 143
- competitive advantage 12, 47, 55, 76, 77, 148, 279, 330, 339, 362
- complex network analysis (CNA) 271
- complexity
 - of agglomeration economies 74–5
 - technological and combinatorial 139–40
 - of territorial innovation processes 116
- contiguity 124
- conventions *see* trade fairs
- Cooke, P. 24, 50, 62, 66, 141–2, 144, 146, 155, 156, 172, 176
- cooperation between local actors 126–8
- cooperative behaviours 108–12
- coordination
 - impact of cognitive proximity 16
 - proximities 228–30, 236
 - combination of 106, 115
 - geographical proximity 81
 - institutional 255–6, 295
 - organizational 59, 129
 - resources 227, 233–4
- Coris, M. 24, 138, 139, 148
- creative application pattern 33, 183–6
- 'creative class' 69
- cultural proximity 60–61, 68, 182
- cyber-place (CP) *see* digital infrastructure study
- de Vaan, M. 260
- deagglomeration 74–5
- density 79, 256–7, 259, 272, 347–8
- design-driven innovation 147–8
- Detroit 135, 144
- development analyses 16–31
- development, balanced 10
- development processes
 - cumulative nature of 321–2
 - defining territorial 116–18
 - proximity in analysis of 3–16
 - Schumpeter on 95
- digital infrastructure study
 - cyber-place (CP) 267–9
 - network structure of 271–4
 - and proximity 278–84
 - urban geography of 274–8
 - database description 269–71
 - DIMES project 269–71, 280
 - NUTS-3 regions 269, 270, 273–4, 276, 279–80, 281, 283, 285–6
 - study conclusions 284–5

- dispersion economies 74–5
- district milieu 55
- districts
 - approaches 13–14
 - industrial 49, 59, 64–5, 83, 198
- division of labour 53, 296, 321, 326
- Dogaru, T. 339, 346, 356
- domestic sector 10
- Dupuy, C. 14, 18, 23, 24
- Dutch School of ‘Relatedness’ 138, 141–3
- dynamic optimisation 320–321
- dynamic shifts 14–16

- ecological perspective 48, 55
- ecology of entrepreneurship 62
- economic agents
 - concentration of 5–6
 - cooperation and interaction among 50, 70, 163–4, 296
 - decision-making with problem stream 302–3, 304–5
 - from different places 297, 299
 - electronic communication between 61
 - geographical proximity 245–6
 - social proximity 226, 255
 - and trade fairs 299, 301–2, 304, 305–6, 307
- economic approach, standard 9–10
- economic cohesion 320
- economic geography 163, 336–7, 339
 - evolutionary 15, 136, 137, 141, 278
 - models of 6
 - new 53, 63, 82
 - see also* New Economic Geography (NEG)
- economic governance 79–80
- economic growth
 - contribution of agglomeration economies 352–5
 - investments in innovation 343
 - relation to mega-city regions 339
- economic networks formation 243–4
 - data and methods
 - stochastic actor-oriented models 251–3
 - video games industry 248–51, 258–9
 - empirical results 257–9
 - formation of network structures 244–8
 - measuring dimensions 253–7
 - proximity dimensions
 - cognitive proximity 245, 253–4, 258
 - geographical proximity 245–6, 254, 258
 - institutional proximity 247–8, 255–6, 259
 - organizational proximity 247, 255, 258–9
 - social proximity 246–7, 255, 258
 - study conclusions 259–61
- economic openness 347
- economies of scale
 - internal and external 51
 - and regional development 74–5
- electronic proximity 61
- Ellison, G. 56, 65, 136
- embeddedness 21, 48, 82, 229–31, 233, 246, 249
- employment growth study 335
 - data and variables 340–348
 - Jacobs’ externalities 338
 - models of 348–52
 - policy implications 352–3
- endogenous factors 49–50, 73, 83
- endogenous growth theory 48
- enterprising capacity 79
- entrepreneurial innovation 71
- entrepreneurship 62, 80–81
- environmental issues 24–5, 37, 146–7, 155
- EU cohesion policy 323, 324, 334–5
- European regional policy study
 - approaches to 317
 - development strategies 318–19
 - rationale for territorial approach to 320–322
 - development through regionalization and engagement of territories 322–4
- EU policy debate 317–18
- main challenges 319–20
- policy goals, tools and styles for renewed policy 329–30
- territorial capital concept 326–9
- territorial cohesion goal 324–6

- European urban regions study
 conceptualization of proximity 333–6
 data and modeling variables 340–348
 policy implications 352–5
 productivity growth and
 employment growth models 348–52
 regional growth differentials,
 agglomeration economies and
 knowledge endowments 336–9
 evolutionist theory 15
 explicit knowledge 83
 external economies of scale 51
- face-to-face relations 8, 21–2, 27, 48,
 54, 68, 100–102, 108–9, 111–12,
 171–2, 198–9, 215, 246, 294, 299,
 309
- fairs *see* trade fairs
 fashion markets 147
 Feldman, M.P. 8, 14, 58, 83, 138, 167,
 170, 176, 260
 Ferru, M. 24, 233
 firm innovation (urban Norway)
 determinants of collaboration
 209–15
 impact of geographical distance
 204–9
 local interaction, global pipelines
 and origin of 197–201
 in Norwegian city regions 202–4
 principal components analysis 221–2
 sources of 195–7
 study conclusions 215–17
 Fitjar, R.D. 211
 Foray, D. 16, 30, 138, 183, 323
 French School of Proximity 17, 21,
 138–41, 223–4, 244, 278
 Frenken, K. 15, 16, 19, 20, 24, 103,
 138, 141, 173, 197, 244, 245, 254,
 260, 261, 337, 338, 347, 355
 Fujita, M. 4, 6, 11, 63, 337
- game theory 24, 26
 garbage-can model of organizational
 choice 293, 301–5, 309
 Geels, F. 137, 146, 149, 151, 155, 156
 geographic transaction costs 47, 51, 53
 geographical proximity
 benefits of 103, 130, 154, 182, 197,
 245–6, 258
 characteristics of 21, 96–8
 and conflicts 124–6
 as determinant of increasing returns
 50
 differentiating from organizational
 proximity 21–2, 58–9, 96–100,
 171–2
 Dutch School of ‘Relatedness’ 141,
 142
 French Proximity School 138–40,
 223
 high degree of 227–8
 history of 4–5, 165, 166–8
 impact on network dynamics 258,
 260
 and inter-firm relationships 18
 interaction in territorial governance
 processes 126–8
 as key variable in cyber-place study
 280, 281
 and land-use conflicts 128–9
 market-related explanation for issues
 of 13
 measurement of 254, 259–60
 need for 52, 59
 negative effects of 16, 19, 21, 130,
 168
 not necessary for innovation 223
 observations on 81–2
 part explanation of effects of 236
 as pecuniary economy 51
 and related variety 142–3
 relationship to other proximities
 169–73, 229, 333–4
 role in strategic behaviours of
 innovative firms 114–15
 role played within clusters 105–8
 sought for 97–8, 124, 125, 126–7,
 128, 129
 and spatial exit 129–30
 surrogate for 54
 temporary 20, 21–2, 98, 100–102,
 108–12, 114, 125, 172
 unwanted 98, 124, 127, 128, 129
 geographical spillovers 5
 geography
 death of 48, 53–4
 of innovation 8–9, 223–4

- Gibson, R. 293, 303, 308
 Gilly, J.P. 4, 18, 23, 29, 58, 223, 245, 278, 279
 Glaeser, E.L. 56, 65, 67–8, 136, 141, 167, 180, 305
 global buzz 299, 309
 global pipelines 195–7, 199–201, 210, 215–16
 Glückler, J. 243, 292, 302, 304, 306, 307
 green energy markets 146–7
 Grossetti, M. 9, 24, 223, 224, 231, 232, 235, 236, 244, 292
 growth centre/pole concept 65
 growth poles 11, 65
- Hägerstrand, T. 8, 176, 362
 high-technology regions 50
 hubs 101, 109, 273, 274, 278, 285
- ICT
 and face-to-face relations 108–9
 facilitating long-distance exchange 100–101, 110, 114, 138–9
 impact of 53–4
 imitative innovation pattern 186–8
 implicit knowledge 83
 industrial clusters *see* clusters:
 industrial
 industrial complex 64–5
 industrial variety 53
 inequality in space 125–6
 information spillovers 51, 75, 76
 infrastructures
 role of 24
 tangible and non-tangible 78
 transport 97, 118
see also digital infrastructure study
- innovation
 activity 225–6
 alternative approaches to studies 175–7
 areas of origin 104
 in cities 353–5
 and co-evolutionary theory 137
 creation 279
 design-driven 147–8
 Dutch School perspective 141–2
 factors, in policy approaches 328
 focus on 49–50, 54–5
 geography of 8–9, 223–4
 impact of science on 179
 and industry clusters 75–7
 and insulin 152
 and learning process 172–3
 linear model of 178–9, 188–9
 local innovation systems 102, 106
 national systems of 296–7
 neo-Schumpeterian approach 145–6
 occurring in context of relatedness 151
 platforms 155
 and Porter externality 167
 processes
 analyses of regional development 14–16
 analysis studies on 23–4
 importance of trade fairs for 304, 307
 relation to proximity 164, 165–6, 224
 product and process 338
 radical 136, 137–8, 146–7, 195–6, 204, 215
 regional innovation systems 69–71, 77–8, 83–4
 relating to territorial development processes 117–18
 role of entrepreneurial 71
 social structures of 72
 spatial, role of proximity in 33–4
 technological 150–151
 territorial patterns of 178–88, 189–90
 user-driven 147, 155
 validity of geographic concentration 103
see also firm innovation (urban Norway)
- innovation clusters *see* clusters:
 innovation
 innovative firms, role of proximities 112–15
 institutional embeddedness 48
 institutional factors
 agglomeration economies 74–5
 cluster policies 75–7
 entrepreneurship 80–81
 importance of 78–80
 importance of institutions 71–2
 overview 81–2

- policy implications 72–4
- regional innovation systems
 - approach 77–8
- institutional proximity 21, 22, 31, 35, 50, 139, 172, 216, 223, 247–8, 254, 255–6, 257, 259–60, 262, 280, 281, 283, 285, 334
- institutional thickness 60, 71, 78, 80, 172
- institutionalist approach to regional development policy 79–80
- insulin 152
- inter-firm proximity 56
- inter-industry linkages 51, 53
- interfirm networks 65, 249
- internal economies of scale 51
- internationalization 72
- Internet 267–72, 274, 276, 278, 284–5
- interregional inequalities 10–11
- IP connectivity 267–9, 273–8, 282–5

- Jacobian spillovers 142
- Jacobs' externalities 52, 57, 167, 337, 338
- Johansson, B. 10, 47, 50, 51, 53, 55, 66, 69, 72, 76, 78
- Jutland 140, 146, 147–8, 153

- Karlsson, C. 47, 50, 58, 60, 66, 69, 70, 76, 77, 78
- Keeble, D. 14, 164, 169, 176
- Kirat, T. 18, 22, 58, 223, 248, 279
- knowledge base complexity 139–40
- knowledge contextualization 307–8
- knowledge creation 49, 67, 83, 172, 173, 175–7, 180–189, 225, 279
- knowledge diffusion 175–7, 217
- knowledge dissemination 306–7
- knowledge endowments 253–4, 336–9
- knowledge, importance of 333–4, 354
- knowledge industry clusters (KICs) 68
- knowledge spillovers
 - between firms 52
 - focus on 54–5, 82–3
 - importance of 48
 - intangible 55–6
 - measurement of 56, 83
 - patent citations as proxies for 245
 - and proximity relations 58
 - and social connectedness 246–7
 - spatial concentration of economic activity 73, 354
 - stimulating innovation 167
- knowledge transfers 48, 52, 53, 55, 66, 300
- Krugman, P. 11, 47, 53, 56, 63, 82, 83, 108, 361

- Lambooy, J. 173, 333, 338, 353, 354
- land-use conflicts 128–9
- learning processes
 - collective 164, 169, 182, 323, 328
 - economic 306, 307
 - localized 67, 70, 200, 321
 - and path dependence 144
- learning regions 48, 67–72
- legitimacy 123
- life-cycle theory 338
- local buzz 201, 215, 217
- local development *see* regional development
- local interaction 195–201, 207–8, 210, 211, 213, 215–17
- local milieus 55
- localization economies 48, 51–2, 82–3, 166, 167, 337
- localization theory 52
- localized coordination 106
- localized learning processes 67, 70, 200, 321
- localized production areas 7
- location
 - new theory of 62
 - studies 24
- locational economies 74
- logic of belonging 22, 28, 99, 100, 107, 127, 129, 171
- logic of similarity 22, 28, 99–100, 107–8, 127–8, 171
- Lucas, R.E. 5, 49, 67, 180
- Lundvall, B.A. 7, 54, 68, 138, 153, 172, 176, 291, 294, 296, 308
- Lung, Y. 18, 22, 23, 58, 223, 248, 261, 279

- macroeconomic policies 28–9
- Maillat, D. 14, 62, 317, 321, 362
- Malmberg, A. 8, 14, 60, 67, 71, 83, 176, 218, 295, 300, 306

- managers 197, 200, 202–3, 206, 209–14, 216, 217–18
- market potential 53, 341, 346–7, 350, 352, 353
- Markusen, A. 12, 13, 65, 197
- Marshall, A. 5, 48–9, 51–2, 67, 82–3, 98, 163, 166, 361
- Marshall–Arrow–Romer (MAR) 52, 141, 167
- Marshallian approach 199, 354
- Martin, R. 9, 20, 28, 66, 135, 146, 148, 317, 323, 348, 355
- Maskell, P. 8, 14, 15, 47, 60, 67, 71, 72, 83, 101, 109, 172, 176, 195, 197, 199, 200, 292, 294, 295, 296, 299, 300, 306
- McCann, P. 52–3, 55, 63–4, 67, 75–6, 77, 80–81, 82, 83, 180, 197, 337, 354
- measurement
- of geographical proximity 254, 259–60
 - of knowledge spillovers 56
 - of organizational proximity 255, 260
- milieu innovateur theory 168–9
- Morgan, K. 53, 54, 66, 67, 77, 82, 83, 144, 172
- negative spillover effects 49
- neighbourhood 124–5
- effects 49
- Nelson, R. 7, 102, 147, 173, 179
- neoclassical theory 9–10
- networks
- backbone 276
 - as clusters 47, 55, 64
 - of input/output relationships 53
 - inter-firm 65
 - new science of 271, 286
 - proximity approach to formation *see* economic networks formation
 - relation to proximity 19–20, 63
 - scientific cooperation 182–3, 189
 - small world and scale free 272–3
 - social 24, 227, 231, 236, 353
 - territorially embedded regional innovation 70
- New Economic Geography (NEG) 10, 11, 13, 26, 336–7
- see also* economic geography
- new growth theory 48, 49–50
- new science of networks 271, 286
- New Urban Economics 4–5
- Nijkamp, P. 27, 49, 50, 268, 271, 285
- Nooteboom, B. 15, 61, 111, 245, 247, 279, 292
- Norwegian study *see* firm innovation (urban Norway)
- open-mindedness 210–211, 213, 214
- organizational choice, model of 301–5
- organizational culture 80, 99
- organized anarchies
- and dynamic capitalist varieties 305–8
 - international trade fairs as 301–5
- organized proximity
- characteristics of 22, 59, 98–100, 247, 279
 - differentiating from geographical proximity 21–2, 58–9, 96–100, 171–2
- French School of Proximity 139–41, 223
- as important factor of collaboration 258–9
 - interaction in territorial governance processes 126–8
 - and land-use conflicts 128–9
 - measurement of 255, 260
 - observations on 82
 - potential of 111–12
 - role in strategic behaviours of innovative firms 114–15
 - role played within clusters 105–8
 - and spatial exit 129–30
- paradox of proximity 15
- path dependence 135–6, 137
- and new path creation 149–51, 156
 - and spatial evolution 143–8
- Pecqueur, B. 23, 24, 62, 244, 362
- pecuniary economies 51
- Perroux, F. 11, 55, 65, 97, 108
- physical proximity *see* digital infrastructure study; geographical proximity
- place-based development strategies 323–4, 335–6, 353, 355

- place-based policy
 - approaches 29–30
 - vs people-based policy 352–3
- Polenske, K. 64, 65, 68, 74–5
- popular music industry 149–51
- Porter externalities 52, 167
- Porter, M.E. 12, 52, 53, 55, 56, 65, 82, 102, 141, 143, 167, 195, 197, 216
- power relations 80, 230
- ‘presential’ economics 12–13
- process and product innovation 104, 181, 184, 187, 196–7, 202–9, 216, 303, 338
- productivity growth study 335
 - data and variables 340–348
 - growth in variety 338
 - models of 348–52
 - policy implications 352–3
- project teams 101, 109
- proximal capital 62
- proximity
 - categories of 17, 20–22, 58, 68, 96–102
 - links between 224–5
 - concept of 1–2, 55
 - central 360–361
 - diachronic framework 164–6
 - phases of 166–77
 - transitional 84
 - and cyber-place (CP) 278–84
 - debate on, and relational action 291–3
 - explicit reference to 48–50
 - history of, in economic analysis 4–9, 223–4
 - importance of 54, 71, 163–4, 249
 - meanings of 57–63
 - measuring 253–7
 - new perspectives on 362–3
 - and regional development
 - planning side 115–30
 - production side 102–15
 - recent integration into 9–16
 - relation with 2–3, 25–31
 - sustainable 363–4
 - research on dynamics of 23–5
 - rethinking forms of 226–31, 237
 - and spatial variety 138–43
- proximity analyses study 223–4
 - creation of relationships 230–231, 234–6
 - empirical research 231–6
 - initial contact and coordination 224–5
 - levels of action 226
 - modes of coordination 225–6
 - networking processes approach 228–30
 - rethinking forms of proximity 226–8
 - study results and conclusions 234–7
 - temporary, and global interaction 298–301
- proximity-based approaches
 - as central to innovation studies 16
 - and cooperative relationships 131
 - diversity of contributions of 17–25
 - relations with regional and local development 25–31
- proximity effects
 - external economies of 49
 - focus on 62–3
 - and industry clusters 63–6, 84
 - of networked transfer of knowledge 54, 83
 - significance in regional economic development 47–8
- proximity externalities 69
- proximity factors *see* proximity effects
- proximity relations
 - within clusters 105–6
 - crucial role as factor of development 15–16
 - debate on 291–3
 - and global knowledge flows 291–308
 - and knowledge spillovers 58
 - opening black box of 6–8
 - prior studies 6–9
 - and regional development policy 73
 - rise of interest in 16–31
 - static approach 13
 - see also* territorial development
 - processes study
- QWERTY arrangement 137, 144
- R&D
 - impact on productivity growth and employment growth 341–53
 - link with knowledge 188–9

- in local development 14
- and regional growth 177
- returns to 179
- specialized 185
- and spillover theory 170
- radical innovation 136, 137–8, 146–7, 195–6, 200, 204, 215
- radio broadcasting 149–51
- Rallet, A. 14, 17, 18, 21, 24, 58, 59, 62, 81–2, 96, 100, 108, 138, 171, 172, 174, 176, 223, 244, 246, 279, 291, 292, 294, 317, 333
- regional advantage 55
- regional development
 - characteristics of development 2
 - institutional approach to policy 79–80
 - and proximity
 - approaches with recent integration of notion of 9–16
 - in context of endogenous 47–84
 - planning side 115–30
 - production side 102–15
 - relation with 25–31
 - sustainable 363–4
- regional growth differentials 336–9
- regional innovation systems 48, 50, 83–4
 - approach 77–8
 - and learning regions 67–71
- regional knowledge and innovation studies, alternative approaches to 175–6
- regional learning 67–8
- regional milieu 47, 80
- regional-mindedness 211, 213, 214
- regional networked innovation systems 70
- regional path creation 148–51
- regional proximity in societal perspective 364
- regional science
 - history of 27–8
 - literature 48–9, 53, 62–3
 - need for new ethic in 363
 - parallels with CNA 271
- regional transversality regimes 154–5
- regional trust 211–14, 216
- related variety 173
- relatedness and transversality study
 - path dependence and spatial evolution 143–8
 - proximities and spatial variety 138–43
 - regime and paradigm interaction in regional path creation 148–51
 - regional transversality regimes 154–5
 - relatedness 135–8
 - and transversality in co-evolutionary space 151–3
 - study conclusions 155–6
- relational capability 169
- relational proximity 50, 58, 60–62, 68, 70, 165, 169, 175, 229–37
- residential economics 12–13
- rock ‘n’ roll evolution 149–51
- Rodríguez-Pose, A. 9, 198, 211, 274
- RSPB (Royal Society for the Protection of Birds) 140
- Saxenian, A.L. 7, 14, 54, 55, 65, 71, 176
- scale 79
 - economies 50, 52
 - geographical 83
 - spatial 82
- scale free networks 273
- Schuldt, N. 20, 100, 292, 295, 298, 299, 300, 303, 304, 309
- Schumpeter, J.A. 32, 69, 95, 131
- science
 - endogenous innovation pattern in scientific network 180–183
 - impact on innovation 179
 - new, of networks 271, 286
 - regional 27–8, 48–9, 53, 62–3, 271, 363
 - scientific cooperation networks 180–183, 189
- sectoral proximity 197–8
- sectoral specialization 343–6, 351, 354
- Simmie, J. 20, 50, 67
- small world (SW) networks 272–3, 283
- smart specialisation 16, 30, 36, 363
- SMEs (small- and medium-sized enterprises) 25, 70, 77, 197
- social capital 16, 62, 80, 210, 227, 326
- social cohesion 318, 325, 334, 355
- social network cluster 64

- social networks 24, 227, 231, 236, 246–7, 353
- social proximity 21, 58, 60–61, 226, 246–7, 255, 258, 260, 279, 281, 283
- social structures of innovation 72
- socialization 50, 248
- socio-ecological systems approaches 37
- sought for geographical proximity 97–8, 124, 125, 126–7, 128, 129
- spatial agglomeration economies 52
- spatial clustering 53, 54, 63–4, 66, 71
- spatial dynamics 15
- spatial evolution 143–8
- spatial exit 129–30
- spatial proximity
 - accident of 62
 - and cooperative learning processes 169
 - enabling engagement in business relations 291–2
 - facilitating exchange of knowledge 68, 182
 - as framework for interaction 60
 - limitation 64
 - see also* geographical proximity
- spatial variety
 - and proximities 138–43, 156
 - reduction 150
- specialization
 - and diversity 57, 338, 341–55
 - and firm behaviour 307
 - industry 71–2
 - processes 294, 305
 - smart 323, 329
- static optimisation 320
- Stimson, R. 9, 50, 56, 71, 78
- stochastic actor-oriented models (SAOM) 251–3, 256, 258, 259
- Storper, M. 8, 14, 71, 74–5, 83–4, 180, 198, 305, 306, 307, 334, 353
- strategic behaviours of firms 112–15
- structural holes 149, 154
- structural proximity 58, 59–60, 61
- Sunley, P.J. 135, 146, 148
- superposition 124
- supply chains 75
- sustainable development 37, 363–4
- systematization phase of proximity concept 174–7
- tacit knowledge 50, 54, 60, 68, 71, 83, 197–9, 210, 333–4
- Talbot, D. 23, 29, 101
- techno-economic development 145–6
- technological complexity 139–40
- technological development 54–5, 186
- technological proximity 15, 58, 61, 334
- temporary geographical proximity (TGP) 98, 100–102
 - findings of research studies 20
 - no need for relocation of activities 125
 - proximity relations 114
 - role in cooperative behaviours 108–12
 - as sub-form 21–2
 - see also* trade fairs
- territorial approach to development 320–322
- territorial capital 326–9, 331
- territorial cohesion 318–19, 324–6, 327, 330
- territorial creativity 183, 184, 185, 189
- territorial development 14–16, 27
- territorial development processes study 94–6
 - proximity and regional development 102, 115–16
 - conflicts and geographical proximity 124–6
 - importance of clusters 102–5
 - planning side 115–30
 - role of proximities in strategic behaviours of firms 112–15
 - role played by proximities within clusters 105–12
 - territorial governance 118–23, 126–30
 - towards definition of processes 116–18
- study conclusions 130–132
- types of proximity
 - geographical proximity 96–8, 105–8, 124–6
 - interaction of 126–30
 - organizational proximity 98–100, 105–8
 - role in cluster success and functioning 102–5

- temporary geographical proximity 100–102, 108–12
- territorial efficiency 326, 327
- territorial governance 28, 29
 - conflicts and cooperation 120–122
 - definition and components 118–19
 - interaction of different proximities 126–30
 - levels and actors 119–20
 - obstacles to 123
- territorial identity 326, 327
- territorial patterns of innovation 178–9
 - creative application pattern 183–6
 - differentiated 179–80
 - endogenous, in scientific network 180–183, 189
 - imitative innovation pattern 186–8
 - policy implications 188–90
- territorial proximity 17–18
- territorial quality 326, 327
- territorially embedded regional innovation networks 70
- territory, concept of 55
- The Packaging Arena (TPA) 154–5
- Thissen, M. 335, 336, 347
- Thrift, N. 14, 60, 71, 80, 198, 210
- Tobler's first law of geography 284–5, 361
- Torre, A. 4, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 25, 28, 29, 37, 58–9, 62–3, 81–2, 84, 94, 96, 100, 101, 108, 109, 114, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 124, 125, 138, 171–2, 174, 176, 223, 244, 245, 246, 278, 279, 291, 292, 294, 295, 317, 333, 362
- trade fairs 20, 101, 292–5, 306–7, 309
 - as organized anarchy 301–5
 - temporary proximity and global interaction 298–301
- Tranos, E. 24, 273, 274, 278, 285, 286
- transactions cost approach 63–4
- transport costs *see* geographic transaction costs
- transversality *see* relatedness and transversality study
- Traversac, J. 28, 117, 119
- trust *see* regional trust
- unwanted geographical proximity 98, 124, 127, 128, 129
- urban economics *see* European urban regions study
- urbanization economies 51–2, 74, 337 *see also* cities
- user-driven innovation 147, 155
- van Oort, F. 52, 53, 55, 82, 83, 333, 335, 336, 337, 338, 347, 351, 353, 354
- varieties of capitalism 155–6, 293–4, 295–7, 300, 308–9
- Venables, A.J. 8, 83–4, 198, 334, 353
- Verganti, R. 137, 147, 148
- Vicente, J. 24, 246, 260, 261
- video games industry 248–51, 254–6, 258–9
- virtual proximity 61, 362
- von Thünen, J.H. 4–5, 49
- Wallet, F. 29, 62–3, 84, 118, 362
- wealth of regions 73, 81
- Weterings, A. 19, 105, 246
- wind turbines 153
- Winter, S.G. 102, 147, 173
- Zimmermann, J.B. 23, 24, 99, 244, 362
- Zuindeau, B. 19, 24, 94, 124, 125

