Contributors

Philip Booth is Professor of Finance, Public Policy and Ethics at St Mary’s University, Twickenham, United Kingdom. From 2002 to 2016 he was Academic and Research Director (previously, Editorial and Programme Director) at the Institute of Economic Affairs. Previously he was Professor of Insurance and Risk Management at Cass Business School, City University, and also worked for the Bank of England as an adviser on financial stability. He is both an economist and a qualified actuary.

Juan E. Castañeda is the Director of the Institute of International Monetary Research at the University of Buckingham, United Kingdom. He was awarded his PhD by the University Autónoma of Madrid, Spain in 2003 and has been a lecturer in Economics at the University of Buckingham since 2012. Dr Castañeda has worked with and prepared reports for the European Parliament’s Committee of Economic and Monetary Affairs.

Tim Congdon is the Chairman of the Institute of International Monetary Research, which he founded in 2014. He was a member of the Treasury Panel of Independent Forecasters (the so-called “wise men”) between 1992 and 1997, which advised the Chancellor of the Exchequer on economic policy. Although most of his career has been spent as an economist in the City of London, he has been a visiting professor at the Cardiff Business School and the City University Business School (now the Cass Business School), and he is currently a Professor of Economics at the University of Buckingham. Professor Congdon is often regarded as the UK’s leading representative of “monetarist” economic thinking.

Charles Goodhart is one of the world’s leading authorities on the theory and practice of central banking. He served as a member of the Bank of England’s Monetary Policy Committee from June 1997 to May 2000. He was Norman Sosnow Professor of Banking and Finance at the London School of Economics, United Kingdom from 1985 to 2002, and is now Emeritus Professor.

Steve Hanke is a Professor of Applied Economics at the Johns Hopkins University in Baltimore, Maryland, USA. Well known for his work
as a currency reformer in emerging economies and one of the world’s authorities on currency boards and dollarization, he is the Director of the Troubled Currencies Project at the Cato Institute in Washington, DC. He was a senior economist with President Reagan’s Council of Economic Advisers from 1981 to 1982, and has served as an adviser to heads of state in countries throughout Asia, South America, Europe and the Middle East.

David Laidler is one of the world’s leading figures in the monetarist tradition of analysing the role of money in determining inflation and short-run economic fluctuations. The theme of David Laidler’s research is summed up by the title of his 1988 presidential address to the Canadian Economic Association, “Taking money seriously”. He was a research assistant for Milton Friedman and Anna Schwartz’s *Monetary History of the United States, 1867–1960*. He joined the economics faculty at the University of Western Ontario, Canada in 1975 and was Bank of Montreal Professor there from 2000 to 2005. He is now Professor Emeritus.

Adam Ridley is a British economist, civil servant and banker. He was a Special Adviser to the Chancellors of the Exchequer between 1979 and 1984, and later a Director of Hambros Bank and Morgan Stanley, Europe. In the 1990s he played a critical role in devising a settlement for the litigation then afflicting the Lloyd’s of London insurance market. The settlement was followed by Lloyd’s recovery and renewal. He was Director-General of the London Investment Banking Association from 2000 to 2005.

Robert Skidelsky is Emeritus Professor of Political Economy at Warwick University, United Kingdom. His three-volume biography of John Maynard Keynes (1983, 1992, 2000) won five prizes and his book on the financial crisis – *Keynes: The Return of the Master* – was published in September 2010. He was made a member of the House of Lords in 1991 (he sits on the cross-benches) and elected a fellow of the British Academy in 1994. *How Much is Enough? The Love of Money and the Case for the Good Life*, co-written with his son Edward, was published in July 2012. His most recent publications were as author of *Britain in the 20th Century: A Success?* (2014) and as editor of *The Essential Keynes* (2015).

Ryland Thomas is a Senior Economist at the Bank of England, where he has worked since 1994. He is attached to the Monetary Assessment and Strategy Division, where his work has focused on the role of money and credit in the economy. Currently he looks after the Bank of England’s historical macroeconomic database and data on the Bank of England’s historical balance sheet.